

**Indigenous Identity by Registered or Treaty Indian Status and Gender
Canada, Newfoundland and Labrador and St. John's CMA
2021 Census**

Geography	Indigenous Identity ⁵	Registered or Treaty Indian Status ¹								
		Total - Registered or Treaty Indian status ⁶			Registered or Treaty Indian ⁷			Not a Registered or Treaty Indian		
		Total - Gender	Men+ ⁸	Women+ ⁹	Total - Gender	Men+ ⁸	Women+ ⁹	Total - Gender	Men+ ⁸	Women+ ⁹
Canada	Total - Indigenous identity ¹⁰	36,328,480	17,937,165	18,391,315	831,720	402,315	429,410	35,496,760	17,534,850	17,961,905
	Indigenous identity ¹¹	1,807,250	877,645	929,605	831,720	402,315	429,410	975,530	475,330	500,200
	Non-Indigenous identity	34,521,230	17,059,520	17,461,710	0	0	0	34,521,230	17,059,520	17,461,710
Newfoundland and Labrador	Total - Indigenous identity ¹⁰	502,095	246,190	255,905	22,720	10,895	11,825	479,375	235,290	244,085
	Indigenous identity ¹¹	46,545	22,520	24,025	22,720	10,895	11,825	23,825	11,620	12,205
	Non-Indigenous identity	455,550	223,675	231,880	0	0	0	455,550	223,675	231,880
St. John's CMA	Total - Indigenous identity ¹⁰	208,820	101,570	107,250	2,480	1,240	1,240	206,340	100,335	106,005
	Indigenous identity ¹¹	7,050	3,335	3,710	2,480	1,240	1,240	4,570	2,100	2,470
	Non-Indigenous identity	201,770	98,240	103,530	0	0	0	201,770	98,240	103,530

Footnotes:

¹ Registered or Treaty Indian status Registered or Treaty Indian status refers to whether or not a person is a Registered or Treaty Indian. Registered Indians are persons who are registered under the Indian Act of Canada. Treaty Indians are persons who belong to a First Nation or Indian band that signed a treaty with the Crown. Registered or Treaty Indians are sometimes also called Status Indians.

² Gender Gender refers to an individual's personal and social identity as a man, woman or non-binary person (a person who is not exclusively a man or a woman). Gender includes the following concepts: gender identity, which refers to the gender that a person feels internally and individually; gender expression, which refers to the way a person presents their gender, regardless of their gender identity, through body language, aesthetic choices or accessories (e.g., clothes, hairstyle and makeup), which may have traditionally been associated with a specific gender. A person's gender may differ from their sex at birth, and from what is indicated on their current identification or legal documents such as their birth certificate, passport or driver's licence. A person's gender may change over time. Some people may not identify with a specific gender.

³ Given that the non-binary population is small, data aggregation to a two-category gender variable is sometimes necessary to protect the confidentiality of responses provided. In these cases, individuals in the category ?non-binary persons? are distributed into the other two gender categories and are denoted by the ?+? symbol.

⁴ Age 'Age' refers to the age of a person (or subject) of interest at last birthday (or relative to a specified, well-defined reference date).

⁵ Indigenous identity Indigenous identity refers to whether the person identified with the Indigenous peoples of Canada. This includes those who identify as First Nations (North American Indian), Métis and/or Inuk (Inuit), and/or those who report being Registered or Treaty Indians (that is, registered under the Indian Act of Canada), and/or those who have membership in a First Nation or Indian band. Aboriginal peoples of Canada (referred to here as Indigenous peoples) are defined in the Constitution Act, 1982, Section 35(2) as including the Indian, Inuit and Métis peoples of Canada.

⁶ Users should be aware that the estimates associated with this variable are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain reserves and settlements in the Census of Population. For more information on Indigenous variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Indigenous Peoples Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2021 and the Indigenous Peoples Technical Report, Census of Population, 2021.

⁷ Registered or Treaty Indian status refers to whether or not a person is a Registered or Treaty Indian. Registered Indians are persons who are registered under the Indian Act of Canada. Treaty Indians are persons who belong to a First Nation or Indian band that signed a treaty with the Crown. Registered or Treaty Indians are sometimes also called Status Indians.

⁸ This category includes men (and/or boys), as well as some non-binary persons.

⁹ This category includes women (and/or girls), as well as some non-binary persons.

¹⁰ Users should be aware that the estimates associated with this variable are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain reserves and settlements in the Census of Population. For more information on Indigenous variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Indigenous Peoples Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2021 and the Indigenous Peoples Technical Report, Census of Population, 2021.

¹¹ This category includes persons who identify as First Nations (North American Indian), Métis and/or Inuk (Inuit) and/or those who report being Registered or Treaty Indians (that is, registered under the Indian Act of Canada), and/or those who report having membership in a First Nation or Indian band.

Source: Statistics Canada. 2021 Census. Table 98-10-0265-01